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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/643,227	08/18/2003	Akio Tosaka	1307-DIV-01	3466
35811 7:	590 10/19/2006		EXAMINER	
IP GROUP OF DLA PIPER US LLP			IP, SIKYIN	
ONE LIBERTY			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1650 MARKET ST, SUITE 4900			AKTONII	PAPER NUMBER
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			1742	

DATE MAILED: 10/19/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/643,227	TOSAKA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Sikyin Ip	1742			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. tely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 Ju</u>	ılv 2006				
	action is non-final.				
Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6-9,11 and 13-18</u> is/are pending in the	e application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6-9,11 and 13-18</u> is/are rejected.	·	•			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers		•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 18 August 2003 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected	to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 6-7, 11, 13, and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over EP 1028167 (PTO-1449).

EP 1028167 discloses the steel composition and method steps such as rough-rolling, finish rolling, cooling, coiling ([0013] – [0018] and the recited tensile properties (Tables 3-4) except for N/Al ratio in claims 6 and 11. But, because EP 1028167 defines N content as solute concentration which function as same as N/Al ratio that provides minimum amount of dissolved N in the steel. With respect to skin-pass rolling or

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leveling as recited in claim 7 reads on prestrain in tension as taught by EP 1028167 in [0076].

In re Peterson, 315 F.3d 1325, 1330, 65 USPQ2d 1379, 1382 (fed. Cir. 2003) states that "The normal desire of scientists or artisans to improve upon what is generally known provides the motivation to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage ranges is the optimum combination of percentages." Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select any portion of range, including the claimed range, from the broader range disclosed in a prior art reference because of the expectation of success. Also see MPEP § 2131.03 and § 2123.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 1028167 as applied to claims 6,7, 11, 13, and 16-18 above, and further in view of JP 10146601.

EP 1028167 discloses the features substantially as claimed as set forth in the rejection above except for joining consecutive sheet bars. However, JP 10146601 in abstract discloses welding sheets between steps of rough rolling and finishing rolling in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the cited references at the time the invention was made to welding sheets after rough rolling as taught by JP 10146601 in order to use high speed roller (See abstract). In re Venner, 120 USPQ 193 (CCPA 1958), In re LaVerne, et al., 108 USPQ 335, and In re Aller, et al., 105 USPQ 233.

Claims 9, 14, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 1028167 in view of JP 10146601 as applied to claims 6-8, 11, 13, and 16-18 and further teaching of JP 09104919.

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EP 1028167 and JP 10146601 disclose the features substantially as claimed as set forth in the rejection above except heating edge of the steel sheet. However, JP 09104919 in abstract discloses heating edge portion of steel bar in the same field of endeavor or the analogous metallurgical art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of the cited references at the time the invention was made to heat steel sheets edges as taught by JP 09104919 in order to keep heating temperature uniform. In re Venner, 120 USPQ 193 (CCPA 1958), In re LaVerne, et al., 108 USPQ 335, and In re Aller, et al., 105 USPQ 233.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to rejected claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

The above rejection relies on the reference(s) for all the teachings expressed in the text(s) of the references and/or one of ordinary skill in the metallurgical art would have reasonably understood or implied from the text(s) of the reference(s). To emphasize certain aspect(s) of the prior art, only specific portion(s) of the text(s) have been pointed out. Each reference as a whole should be reviewed in responding to the rejection, since other sections of the same reference and/or various combination of the cited references may be relied on in future rejection(s) in view of amendment(s).

All recited limitations in the instant claims have been meet by the rejections as set forth above.

Applicant is reminded that when amendment and/or revision is required, applicant should therefore specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.121 and 37 C.F.R. Part §41.37 (c)(1)(v).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to S. Ip whose telephone number is (571) 272-1241. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 5:30 A.M. to 2:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Roy V. King, can be reached on (571)-272-1244.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SIKYIN IP PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 1742

S. lp October 15, 2006